**Tracing Changes through A thousand Years**

Q1. State True/False:

                         i.        We do not find inscriptions for the period after 700.

                        ii.        The Marathas asserted their political importance during this period.

                       iii.        Forest-dwellers were sometimes pushed out of their lands with the spread of agricultural settlements.

                       iv.        Sultan Ghiyasuddin Balban controlled Assam, Manipur and Kashmir.

 Q2. Choose the correct option in the following questions:

(i) Who was Al-Idrisi?

(a) Arab geographer (b) Cartographer

(c) Both (a) and (b) (d) None of these

(ii) In which century Babur used Hindustan to describe geography?

(a) 17th century (b) 18th century

(c) 16th century (d) None of these

(iii) Why do historians to-day have to be careful about the terms in the past?

(a) Because they do not know the meaning of terms

(b) Because the terms may have more than one meaning

(c) Because the terms meant different in the past

(d) None of the above

(iv) Which of the following is not the meaning of ‘foreigner’ in the past ?

(a) Stranger (b) Pardesi

(c) Ajnabi (d) Indegenous

(v) In which period the number and variety of textual records increased dramatically ?

(a) 600 to 700 (b) 700 to 800

(c) 800 to 1000 (d) 700 to 1750

Q3. What does a Cartographer do?

Q4. What are the two main sects of Islam?

Q5. Who was Al-Idrisi?

Q6. What do you mean by archive?

Q7. Who was called the patron?

Q8. Who used the term ‘Hindustan’ for the first time and when?

Q9. Who were scribes?

Q10. How did scribes copy down the manuscripts? What was its drawback?

Q11. List some of the technological changes associated with this period.

Q12. What does the term pan-regional empire mean?

Q13.Which century marked the beginning of the medieval period? Why?

Q14. What do you know about jati panchayat?

Q15. What was the extent of Delhi Sultan Ghiyasuddin Balban's empire?