**Class 8 (Social Science) Assignments**

**Chapter-5 The Indian Constitution**

Question 1.  
Constitution of a nation contains:  
(a) Rules  
(b) Laws  
(c) Both (a) and (b)  
(d) None of these

Question 2.  
What refers to a goal or a principle in its most excellent or perfect form?  
(a) Arbitrary  
(b) Ideal  
(c) Polity  
(d) None of these

Question 3.  
By which time had the nationalist movement gained momentum?  
(a) Beginning of 20th century  
(b) Middle of 20th century  
(c) End of 20th century  
(d) None of these

Question 4.  
When did the King of Nepal finally take over as the head of government?  
(a) February, 2002  
(b) February, 2005  
(c) February, 2007  
(d) April, 2003

Question 5.  
State governments have authority to make rules on subjects of  
(a) Asian concern  
(b) National concern  
(c) Both of these  
(d) None of these

Question 6.  
Who has a role to play in formation of government under Universal Adult Suffrage?  
(a) All adult Indians  
(b) Only males  
(c) All children  
(d) None of these

Question 7.  
What kind of role citizens of India play in electing representatives?  
(a) Indirect  
(b) No Role  
(c) Direct  
(d) Submissive

Question 8.  
What refers to independent people in a democratic form of government?  
(a) Sovereign  
(b) Ideal  
(c) Polity  
(d) Trafficking

Question 9.  
If a 13-year old child is working in a factory, what is it called?  
(a) Freedom to education  
(b) Child labour  
(c) Both (a) and (b)  
(d) None of these

Question 10.  
Which of the following are Fundamental Rights?  
(a) Right to equality  
(b) Right to freedom  
(c) Right against exploitation  
(d) All of these

Question 11.  
Secularism means that the state promotes  
(a) One religion  
(b) No religion  
(c) Both (a) and (b)  
(d) None of these

Question 12.  
Who was the first Prime Minister of Free India  
(a) Jawaharlal Nehru  
(b) Lai Bahadur Shastri  
(c) Mrs. Indira Gandhi  
(d) Guljari Lai Nanda

**13.**Why does a country need a Constitution?

**14.** What do you understand by the term ‘constitutive’? Provide one example of ‘constitutive rules’ from your everyday life.

**15**. Why did the people of Nepal want a new Constitution?

**16**. What are the key features of the Indian Constitution?

**17.**Write a note on Federalism.

**18.**Describe the Parliamentary Form of Government.

**19**. Discuss the difference between State and Government.

**20**. What are the Fundamental Rights in the Indian Constitution? Explain.

**21.**If a 13-year old child is working in a factory manufacturing carpets. Which Fundamental Rights will the following situation violate?

**22.** If a group of people are not given permission to open a Telugu-medium school in Kerala. Mention the Fundamental Right that is being violated by this.